

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/624,033	07/21/2003	James R. Richter	4438.75802	5119
24978 GREER BUR	7590 05/01/200 NS & CR A IN	7	EXAMINER	
GREER, BURNS & CRAIN 300 S WACKER DR			PRICE, CRAIG JAMES ·	
25TH FLOOR CHICAGO, IL			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3753	•
			MAII DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
•			05/01/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/624,033	RICHTER, JAMES R.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Craig Price	3753				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	OATE OF THIS COMMUI 136(a). In no event, however, may will apply and will expire SIX (6) M e, cause the application to become	NICATION. The a reply be timely filed in the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 A	April 2007.	•				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C	C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims	•					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-10,12-22 and 27</u> is/are pending i	n the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) 1,3-10,12-22 and 27 is/are rejected.	· _ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>7/21/2003 and 5/18/20</u>		d or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abe	yance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ction is required if the drawi	ing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attact	ned Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All .b) Some * c) None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documen	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
Copies of the certified copies of the price	ority documents have be	en received in this National Stage				
application from the International Burea	•					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies r	ot received.				
	•	·				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		w Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>4/10/2007</u> .	6) Other:					
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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 4/10/2007 has been entered.

Information Disclosure Statement

 All references listed were in a previously submitted disclosure statement and already of record.

Claim Objections

3. Claim 16 objected to because of the following informalities: line 3, "pump connecting" should be - - pump connector --. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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Claims 1,6-8,12 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Nichols (4,420,016).

Nichols discloses a fluid flow stabilizer (see figure 3) "for use in a flow of fluid in a conduit between a turbulence creating device and a fluid control device" (intended use limitation), comprising, a fluid conduit section having a first end "for mounting the first end to the fluid conduit" (intended use limitation) and a second end "for mounting the second end to the fluid conduit, the fluid conduit section having a length" (intended use limitation), an internal diameter, and a fluid passage therethrough to allow the fluid to flow from the first end to the second end, a flow straightening device positioned in the fluid conduit section, wherein at least a portion of the flow straightening device has a diameter less than the internal diameter of the fluid conduit section, and further wherein the flow straightening device comprises one or more longitudinally extending vanes, wherein at least portions (25) of radially outer edges of the vanes are separated from the internal diameter of the fluid conduit section, such that a space is defined therebetween, the fluid conduit section being constructed of a flexible material to absorb at least one of shock, vibration and mis-alignment in the conduit and further wherein the flow straightening device comprises at least four vanes, with each vane (27) arranged perpendicular to adjacent vanes, and wherein at least portions of radially outer edges of the vanes are separated from the internal diameter of the fluid conduit section, such that a space is defined therebetween as shown in figures 3 and 5. The claimed limitations: "for use" and "for mounting", are considered as intended use limitations. A recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between

the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim.

Regarding claims 7 and 8, the limitations "wherein the turbulence creating device and the mounting arrangement at the first end is configured to mount directly to an outlet of the pump, and wherein the fluid control device comprises a valve and the mounting arrangement at the second end is configured to mount directly to an inlet of the valve", are considered as further limiting the intended use limitation in claim 6.

Regarding claim 12, Nichols discloses that the vanes are contained entirely within the length of the fluid conduit (Col.1, Lns. 6-8).

Regarding claim 13, Nichols discloses that the vanes have a hydrodynamic shape including at least one curve see figure 3.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 4 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nichols '016. Examiner takes official notice that the conduits made from an elastomeric material, such as typical commercial outdoor water hoses, are old and well known in the art, for reasons that are old and well known in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize the well known device

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made from elastomeric material into the device of Nichols, in order to flex around objects during operation.

7. Claims 1,3-10,12-22 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suchdev (6,619,331) in view of Nichols (4,420,016).

Regarding claims 3,5,6,9,16,18 and 27, Suchdev discloses a fluid conduit section having a first end "for mounting the first end to the fluid conduit" (intended use limitation) and a second end "for mounting the second end to the fluid conduit, the fluid conduit section having a length" (intended use limitation), an internal diameter, and a fluid passage therethrough to allow the fluid to flow from the first end to the second end, the fluid conduit section being constructed of a flexible material (66 – corrugated metal pipe ,76 – flexible metal braid, made in a similar construction as applicant's see figure 5) to absorb at least one of shock, vibration and mis-alignment in the conduit, and wherein the length of the conduit section is less than five times the internal diameter (see figure 7c,76 and 66 has a length to diameter ratio which meets this limitation). The claimed limitations: "for use" and "for mounting", are considered as intended use limitations. A recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim.

Regarding claim 7, Suchdev discloses that the turbulence creating device (78) and the mounting arrangement (92) at the first end is configured to mount directly to an outlet of the pump as shown in figure 7c.

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Regarding claim 8, Suchdev discloses that the fluid control device (20 the engine) comprises a valve (there valve is actually inherent to the system, there must be a valve within the engine) and the mounting arrangement at the second end (94 is configured to meet the limitation) is configured to mount directly to an inlet of the valve as shown in figure 4 and 4A.

Regarding claim 14, Suchdev discloses that at least one of the first mounting arrangement and the second mounting arrangement comprises a flange with a series of spaced bolt holes extending therethrough as shown in figure 4.

Regarding claim 19, Suchdev discloses that the pump connector comprises an elastomeric material (Col.7, Lns. 24-27, the groove 144 contains an oring).

Suchdev is silent as to having a flow straightening device positioned in the fluid conduit section, wherein at least a portion of the flow straightening device has a diameter less than the internal diameter of the fluid conduit section, and further wherein the flow straightening device comprises one or more longitudinally extending vanes, wherein at least portions of radially outer edges of the vanes are separated from the internal diameter of the fluid conduit section, such that a space is defined therebetween, and further wherein the flow straightening device comprises at least four vanes, with each vane arranged perpendicular to adjacent vanes, and wherein at least portions of radially outer edges of the vanes are separated from the internal diameter of the fluid conduit section, such that a space is defined therebetween, wherein the vanes have a hydrodynamic shape including at least one curve and wherein the vanes are contained entirely within the length of the fluid conduit.

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Nichols discloses a conduit which teaches the use of a conduit having a flow straightening device positioned in the fluid conduit section, wherein at least a portion of the flow straightening device has a diameter less than the internal diameter of the fluid conduit section, and further wherein the flow straightening device comprises one or more longitudinally extending vanes, wherein at least portions (25) of radially outer edges of the vanes are separated from the internal diameter of the fluid conduit section, such that a space is defined therebetween, and further wherein the flow straightening device comprises at least four vanes, with each vane (27) arranged perpendicular to adjacent vanes, and wherein at least portions of radially outer edges of the vanes are separated from the internal diameter of the fluid conduit section, such that a space is defined therebetween, wherein the vanes have a hydrodynamic shape including at least one curve, as shown in figures 3 and 5 and wherein the vanes are contained entirely within the length of the fluid conduit (Col. 1, Lns. 6-8), and the vanes have a hydrodynamic shape including at least one curve (see figure 3).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to employ the device of Nichols into the conduit of Suchdev to have a flow straightening device positioned in the fluid conduit section, wherein at least a portion of the flow straightening device has a diameter less than the internal diameter of the fluid conduit section, and further wherein the flow straightening device comprises one or more longitudinally extending vanes, wherein at least portions of radially outer edges of the vanes are separated from the internal diameter of the fluid conduit section, such that a space is defined therebetween, and further wherein the flow straightening device

comprises at least four vanes, with each vane arranged perpendicular to adjacent vanes, and wherein at least portions of radially outer edges of the vanes are separated from the internal diameter of the fluid conduit section, such that a space is defined therebetween, wherein the vanes have a hydrodynamic shape including at least one curve and wherein the vanes are contained entirely within the length of the fluid conduit in order to prevent kinking of the hose (Col.1, Lns. 6-8).

Furthermore, Regarding claims 4 and 10, Examiner takes official notice that the conduits made from an elastomeric material, such as typical commercial outdoor water hoses, are old and well known in the art, for reasons that are old and well known in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize the well known device made from elastomeric material into the device of Nichols, in order to flex around objects during operation.

Conclusion

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Craig Price whose telephone number is (571) 272-2712. The examiner can normally be reached on 8AM 5PM Monday -Thursday, increased flex time.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric Keasel can be reached on (571) 272-4929. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

30 April 2007

ERIC KEASEL

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER **TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700**

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